Sincrotrone Trieste S.C.p.A.



Paola Bembich
Accounting Department

FIRST EIB LOAN

- Signed 24/11/04
- 60 M€
- Interest rate 3,77 Fixed (15M€ 15/06/05 and 25M€ 15/06/06)
- Interest rate 4,46 Fixed (last tranche 20M€ 16/06/08)
- Guaranteed by Italian State
- To cover about 50% of the requirements

Total estimated project construction costs:	124.0 M€
Italian MIUR	36.0 M€
Friuli-Venezia-Giulia Region	10.0 M€
EU and other public funds:	<u>18.0 M€</u>
Partial total:	64.0 M€
• EIB loan	6 <u>0.0 M€</u>
Total:	124.0 M€

PROJECT FINANCING FIRST LOAN

Expected annual output (Elettra + Fermi@Elettra) M€

Current annual expenditure Elettra	21,50	
Annual maintenance costs	3,00	
Extra budgetary expenditure (supported by Partners)		5,35
Cost for projects/contracts acquired	4,50	
Increase for operation Fermi@Elettra	5,50	
EIB debt repayment	<u>5,50</u>	
	40,00	
Annual funding existing or expected M€		
• Italian MIUR (L. 644/94 - DL 7/05)	26,91	
• Extra budgetary expenditure (supported by Partners)		5,35
Average annual acquisitions EU projects	0,90	
 Average annual acquisitions other projects and contracts 	2,20	
 Extra amount to be achieved by EU (VII Framework Programme) 	2,50	
 Extra amount to be achieved for other projects and contracts 	3,00	
Additional expenditure covered by Partners	3,00	
Increase in industrial activity	<u>2,50</u>	
, and the second	41,01	

SECOND EIB LOAN

- Signed 29/04/10
- 20 M€
- Interest rate Floating*
- «Guaranteed» by RSFF
- To cover about 50% of the requirements

Tot	al estimated cost integration:	40.0 M€
•	ST funds (projects and co.)	20.0 M€
•	EIB loan	20.0 M€
Tot	al:	40.0 M€

^{*} semi-annual interest rate equal to the EURIBOR plus or minus the Spread determined by the Bank for each successive Floating Rate Reference Period. At present about 1%.

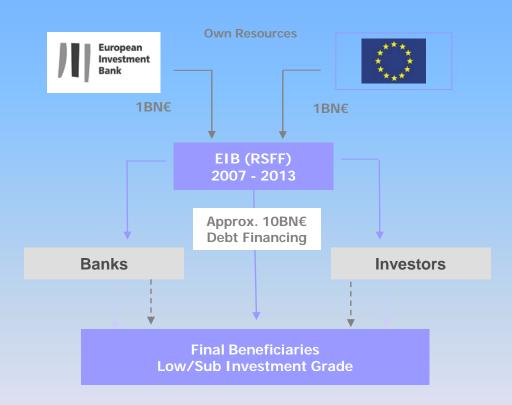
What is RSFF?

- The "RSFF" Risk Sharing Finance Facility is a Bank financing instrument to finance research projects and research infrastructures under the VII Framework Programme of the European Union for Research and Technological Development (2007 – 2013)
- "RSFF" is a form of guarantee that covers not individual companies but business groups called "Clusters"

 "Clusters" are composed by non-homogeneous companies (higher risk and lower risk)

What is RSFF?

 RSFF allows to finance R&D and innovation projects to sub-investment grade borrowers



- RSFF is a debt based instrument not a grant
- Financing does not involve a subsidy element
- The facility does not concern risk capital such as venture capital

RSFF loans are usually between 30 M€ and € 300 M€

Recent examples of RSFF loans



Valéo (France)

Term Loan EUR 300,000,000

RDI in car engine efficiency and car safety

July 2009



Philips (Netherlands)

Term Loan EUR 200,000,000

Development of med tech products
In healthcare and imaging

October 2009



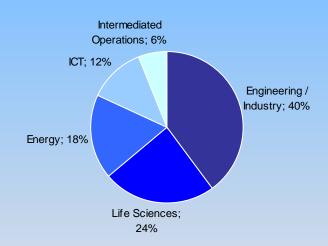
Alphasat (UK)

Term Loan EUR 225,000,000

New high-power satellite providing broadband mobile services to Europe, Africa and parts of Asia

Expected November 2009

Breakdown of RSFF loans by sector 2007-Aug 09





IEE (Luxembourg)

Term Loan EUR 40,000,000

RDI in automotive safety

July 2008

Med Invest

Med Invest (EU, US, Israel)

Term Loan EUR 30,000,000

Development of leading-edge medical devices

November 2009



Bulgarian Telecommunications Company EAD – BTC (Bulgaria)

> Term Loan EUR 100,000,000

Network Expansion investments

February 2008

Recent developments since last meeting October 2011

Amendment No 4 to the RSFF

- Signature on 5 December 2011 by Commissioner Geoghegan-Quinn & EIB President Maystadt
- Amendment of the RSFF has created 3 Compartments:
 - (1) Classic RSFF for mid-sized and larger companies as well as stand-alone projects
 - (2) RSFF for SMEs/ smaller mid-caps (guarantee facility)
 - (3) RSFF for Research Infrastructures

Compartment 3 covering RSFF for Research Infrastructures:

- ► Higher risk-taking by the EU (first-loss on a portfolio of RI projects; 50% first-loss piece)
- Inclusion of higher-risk RI projects but also lower-risk RI (balanced portfolio)
- ▶ Enlarged/clarified definition of eligible RI allows inclusion of companies/ entities participating or contributing to RI (i.e. producers of scientific equipment) and/ or apply research results of RI for commercial purposes
- Budget from Sub-Programme Capacities in place for risk-taking under Compartment 3: 157.5 M€

RI projects already allocated to Compartment 3

- Projects allocated
 - Alphasat (225 M€)
 - Ion Beam Applications (IBA) (50M€) first RI supplier under the new scheme
 - Sincrotrone TRIESTE (20M€)

RI projects pipeline for allocation to Compartment 3 (1/2)

- ESO E-ELT (up to 300M€ RSFF loan) approved by the EC in 2009 and by EIB in 2010; signature expected in 2012 or 2013 (construction starts in 2014)
- Max IV Synchrotron Radiation Facility (Sweden): (up to 130M€ RSFF loan); approval and signature expected in 2012
- European Spallation Source (ESS, Sweden) (potential RSFF loan amount still unclear): technical approval expected in 2012; financing structure still uncertain

RI projects pipeline for allocation to Compartment 3 (2/2)

- EIB developing contacts with:
 - Sartorius (supplier)
 - Oxford Instruments (supplier)
 - ELI
 - MYRRHA (issue of eligibility to be resolved: yes as ESFRI project; doubtful as Euratom project) (project cost 1BN€)
 - SKA (Square Kilometre Array; project cost 1,500M€)
 - BBMRI (Biobanking and Molecular Research Infrastructures Network; project cost 170M€)
 - ECRIN (European Clinical Research Infrastructures Network; project cost 50M€)
 - **ERINHA** (European Research Infrastructure on Highly Pathogenic Agents; project cost 175M€)
 - **EATRIS** (European Advanced Translational Research Infrastructure in Medicine; project cost 255M€)
- Possible support for approved JASPERS RI projects (total investment cost of 2BN€) in new Member States. A tailored RSFF Facility associated with technical assistance could optimise financial engineering of scarce EU and national resources dedicated to RI, notably in cohesion regions across EU-27